











# Korean-made quality COPPER TUBES





## **Characteristics of Copper**

#### **Anti Corrosion**

Being Highly resistant against atmosphere, water and soil, copper tube has semi-permanent life cycle. When copper tubes come into contact with water or cement, a compact oxidized film of copper monoxide(Cu2O) or basic copper carbonate(CuCO3, Cu(OH2)) forms, deterring corrosion process.

#### **Friction**

Compared to steel tubes, the surface of a copper tube is much smoother, and liquid flow faces much less resistance, which allows no accumulation of corrosive residues.

#### **Economical**

The material cost of copper tube is not far more expensive than in the case of other plumbing materials, it excels in durability and is easy to transport, handle and bend, drastically reducing overall project cost and work hours. Its use eliminates need for frequent maintenance against corrosive materials or scales, and is thus very economical.

### Weight

Practically, the thickness and diameter of copper tube can be reduced by more than 25% as compared to the occasion of steel tubes while it weighs only  $\frac{1}{2}$  of that of steel tubes. Carrying becomes far more easier and cost efficient.

## Workability

Cutting can be easily accomplished with a small cutter while a soft copper tube can be bent freely at almost any place. You can also easily widen and the opening of a tube. There is no need for thread processing for connections as tubes can be butt-jointed simply by welding. Tubes jointed in this way demonstrates near hardness of a straight tube.

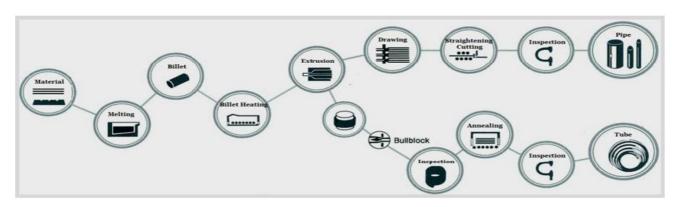
## **Progress Efficiency**

Added to the copper tube's special characters is the flexibility in mixed use of soft and hard tubes, which can drastically shorten over all time length and reduce cost required for a project.

## Hygienic

Copper tube is suitable from hygienic reasons. Usually, 80mg of copper ion is harmless to human body. A healthy man normally carries almost equal level of copper being generated by copper tube, which plays an important role in hematopoietic process of human body.

# **Manufacturing Process**





#### **!** Melting

The raw materials are melted in a furnace which, in a large tube mill, may hold up to 20 tons of metal. The furnace melts the copper charges.



#### Extrusion

Often compared with squeezing toothpaste from a tube. During extrusion, the billet, heated to the proper hotworking temperature, is placed in the chamber of an extrusion press. The horizontally mounted chamber contains a die at on end and a hydraulically driven ram at the other. As the ram moves forward, the copper is forced over the mandrel and through the hole in the die, causing a long hollow tube, about 2 ¾ inches(7mm) in a diameter and 87feet (26m) long to squirt out of the extrusion press (the length can vary depending of the capabilities of each mill).



#### Drawing

It simply involves pulling the hollow tube through a series of hardened steel dies to reduce its diameter.



#### Bull block

A process where wire is drawn to reduce its size.



#### **|** Annealing

Tube that is in the soft condition, generally as coils, is passed through a continuous annealing furnace operating at 1300°F (704°C).

## **Plumbing Tube**

USAGE: Suitable for use in general plumbing applications, such as underground water services, potable water distribution, gas distribution and fire sprinkler installations.

SPECIFIACTION: KSD 5301, JIS H3300, ASTM B88, ASTM B306, AS1432

**BS EN1057** 

## PRODUCT RAGE:

Outer Diameter: 6mm ~ 250mm

TYPE: ASTM B88 K, L, M **ASTM B306 DWV** AS1432 TYPE A, B, C

EN1057

Temper: Hard, Annealed, ½ hard





# ASTM B88

	Outside Diameter			Wa	ll Thickne	Theoretical Weight					
Nomial Size			Туре К		Type L		Туре М		lb/ft		
	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	Type K	Type L	Type M
1/4	0.375	9.52	0.035	0.89	0.030	0.76	0.022	0.56	0.145	0.126	
3/8	0.5	12.70	0.049	1.24	0.035	0.89	0.025	0.64	0.269	0.198	0.145
1/2	0.625	15.88	0.049	1.24	0.040	1.02	0.028	0.71	0.344	0.285	0.204
5/8	0.75	19.05	0.049	1.24	0.042	1.07	0.030	0.76	0.418	0.362	
3/4	0.875	22.22	0.065	1.65	0.045	1.14	0.032	0.81	0.641	0.455	0.328
1	1.125	28.58	0.065	1.65	0.050	1.27	0.035	0.89	0.839	0.655	0.465
1-1/4	1.375	34.92	0.065	1.65	0.055	1.40	0.042	1.07	1.040	0.884	0.682
1-1/2	1.625	41.28	0.072	1.83	0.060	1.52	0.049	1.24	1.360	1.140	0.940
2	2.125	53.98	0.083	2.11	0.070	1.78	0.058	1.47	2.060	1.750	1.460
2-1/2	2.625	66.68	0.095	2.41	0.080	2.03	0.065	1.65	2.930	2.480	2.030
3	3.125	79.38	0.109	2.77	0.090	2.29	0.072	1.83	4.000	3.330	2.680
3-1/2	3.625	92.08	0.120	3.05	0.100	2.54	0.083	2.11	5.120	4.290	3.580
4	4.125	104.78	0.134	3.40	0.110	2.79	0.095	2.41	6.510	5.380	4.660
5	5.125	130.18	0.160	4.06	0.125	3.18	0.109	2.77	9.670	7.610	6.660
6	6.125	155.58	0.192	4.88	0.140	3.56	0.122	3.10	13.900	10.200	8.820
8	8.125	206.38	0.271	6.88	0.200	5.08	0.170	4.32	25.900	19.300	16.500
10	10.125	257.18	0.338	8.59	0.250	6.35	0.212	5.38	40.300	30.100	25.600

# AS 1432

Nominal O		Outside		Wall Th	ickness		. Available Form	Temper	
	Size	Diameter	Α	В	С	D	Available Forti	remper	
DN	6	6.35	0.91	0.71	-	-	30m coil, 18m coil, Straight	Annealed, Hard	
DN	8	7.94	0.91	0.71	-	-	30m coil, 18m coil, Straight	Annealed, Hard	
DN	10	9.52	1.02	0.91	0.71	-	30m coil, 18m coil, Straight	Annealed, Hard	
DN	15	12.70	1.02	0.91	0.71	-	30m coil, 18m coil, Straight	Annealed, Hard, BQ	
DN	18	15.88	1.22	1.02	0.91	-	30m coil, 18m coil, Straight	Annealed, Hard	
DN	20	19.05	1.42	1.02	0.91	-	30m coil, 18m coil, Straight	Annealed, Hard, BQ	
DN	25	25.40	1.63	1.22	0.91	-	18m coil, Straight	Annealed, Hard	
DN	32	31.75	1.63	1.22	-	0.91	18m coil, Straight	Annealed, Hard	
DN	40	38.10	1.63	1.22	-	0.91	18m coil, Straight	Annealed, Hard	
DN	50	50.80	1.63	1.22	-	0.91	Straight	Hard	
DN	65	63.50	1.63	1.22	-	0.91	Straight	Hard	
DN	80	76.20	2.03	1.63	-	1.22	Straight	Hard	
DN	90	88.90	2.03	1.63	-	1.22	Straight	Hard	
DN	100	101.60	2.03	1.63	-	1.22	Straight	Hard	
DN	125	127.00	2.03	1.63	-	1.42	Straight	Hard	
DN	150	152.40	2.64	2.03	-	1.63	Straight	Hard	
DN	200	203.20	2.64	2.03	-	-	Straight	Hard	

## **ACR Tube**

USAGE: Copper tube intended for use in the connection, repairs of air conditioning or refrigeration units in the field. Also used in R410A and medical gas applications

SPECIFIACTION: KSD 5301, JIS H3300, ASTM B280, AS/NZ 1571, BS EN 12735-1

PRODUCT RAGE:

Outer Diameter: 6mm ~ 105mm





c. l l c:	Outside Diameter			Thickness	Weight		Tolerance			
Standard Size			Wall				<b>Outside Diameter</b>		Wall Thickness	
in.	in.	mm	in.	mm	lb/ft	kg/m	in.	mm	in.	mm
1/8	0.125	3.18	0.030	0.762	0.0347	0.0516	0.0020	0.051	0.003	0.08
3/16	0.187	4.75	0.030	0.762	0.0575	0.0856	0.0020	0.051	0.003	0.08
1/4	0.250	6.35	0.030	0.762	0.0804	0.1200	0.0020	0.051	0.003	0.08
5/16	0.312	7.92	0.032	0.813	0.1090	0.1620	0.0020	0.051	0.003	0.08
3/8	0.375	9.52	0.032	0.813	0.1340	0.1990	0.0020	0.051	0.003	0.08
1/2	0.500	12.70	0.032	0.813	0.1820	0.2710	0.0020	0.051	0.003	0.08
5/8	0.625	15.88	0.035	0.889	0.2510	0.3730	0.0020	0.051	0.004	0.11
3/4	0.750	19.05	0.035	0.889	0.3050	0.4540	0.0025	0.064	0.004	0.11
3/4	0.750	19.05	0.042	1.067	0.3620	0.5390	0.0025	0.064	0.004	0.11
7/8	0.875	22.22	0.045	1.143	0.4550	0.6770	0.0030	0.076	0.004	0.11
1 1/8	1.125	28.58	0.050	1.270	0.6650	0.9750	0.0035	0.089	0.005	0.13
1 3/8	1.375	34.92	0.055	1.397	0.8840	1.3200	0.0040	0.100	0.006	0.15
1 5/8	1.625	41.27	0.060	1.524	1.1400	1.7000	0.0045	0.110	0.006	0.15

## **Industrial Tube**

**Variant copper tubes** – Square and Rectangular shaped tubes **Heavy walled tubes** 

Finned tubes – Grooved tubes, Inner grooved tubes





## Bimetallic tube

Usage: (Al/Cu) for condenser and heat exchange tubes

(Cu/Al) for ACR tubes and copper tube replacement

Temper: Hard / Soft

Sizes: Outer diameter 6 mm ~ 44mm





Dimensions and specifications are available upon request.

# **Phosphorous Copper Ball for Plating**

Specially developed for high quality Electroplating purposes to give the free flowing properties, best handling of material to minimize sludge development during plating and extend the life of anode baskets.

Ball type Copper Anodes has maximized surface thus minimizing loss. It is highly productive and suitable for fully automated facility.



Usage: PCB, Electronic parts, plating

## Composition

Copper > 99.94%, Phosphorous = 400 - 650 ppm.

Consideration	E	Ball Siz	e	Weight		
Specification		(mm)		(g)		
Ф 33	31	~	35	150 ± 5		
Ф 50	49	~	52	600 ± 5		

# **Quality Assurance**

All of our products are thoroughly quality controlled even from the very first stage of raw material selection and every step of manufacturing process and to the very final stage of delivery.







Division	Inspection Subjects	Inspection facilities		
Material Inspection	Analysis of Chemical ingredients	SPECTRO MAX-x		
Process Inspection	Analysis of Chemical ingredients	Micrometer		
	Verification of Dimensions	Eddy Current Tester		
	Checking for Defects			
	Visual inspection			
Finished Product Inspection	Verification of Dimensions	Universal Testing Machine		
	Visual inspection	Hardness Tester(HV,HR)		
	Analysis of Physical ingredients	Optical Emission Spectrometer		